



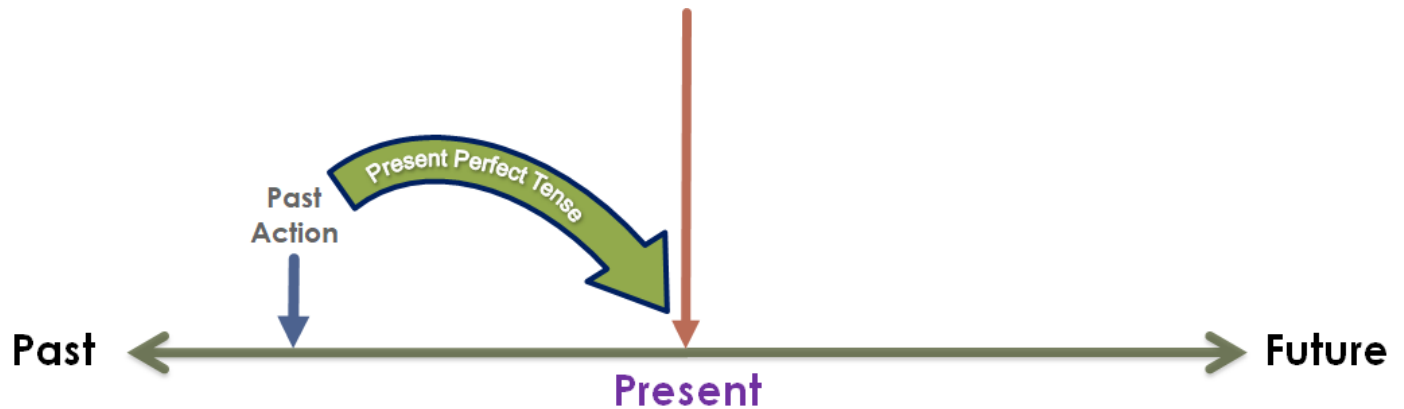
Course Title: English For Managers (Virtual Communication Approach)

Section Title: Present Perfect Tense, Already, Yet

Lesson No: 022 Tags: Present Perfect Tense, Already, Yet

Present Perfect Tense

زمان حال کامل یا ماضی نقلی، زمانی است که بر انجام گرفتن کاری یا روی دادن حالتی در زمان گذشته دلالت می کند که تا زمان حال ادامه یافته و یا آثار و نتایج آن در زمان حال موجود است.



در دستور زبان فارسی این زمان با استفاده از صفت مفعولی به همراه شناسه های (ام، ای، است، ایم، اید، اند) به شکل زیر ساخته می شود:

جمع	مفرد	
خورده ایم	خورده ام	اول شخص
خورده اید	خورده ای	دوم شخص
خورده اند	خورده است	سوم شخص

برای بیان مفهوم زمان حال کامل (ماضی نقلی) در زبان انگلیسی، از فعل کمکی have/has به همراه اسم مفعول یا همان قسمت سوم فعل (Past Participle) به شکل ذیل استفاده می شود:

	فاعل	فعل کمکی have	Past Participle	
اول شخص مفرد	I	have	written	من نوشته ام.
دوم شخص مفرد	You	have	written	تو نوشته ای.
سوم شخص مفرد	He	has	written	او (مذکر) نوشته است.
	She	has	written	او (مؤنث) نوشته است.
	It	has	written	آن (ماشین) نوشته است.
اول شخص جمع	We	have	written	ما نوشته ایم.
دوم شخص جمع	You	have	written	شماها نوشته اید.
سوم شخص جمع	They	have	written	آنها نوشته اند.



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یادآوری: توجه نمایید که قسمت سوم فعل یا همان اسم مفعول یا وجه وصفی گذشته (Past Participle) در مورد افعال باقاعده (مانند help و work و move و...) با افزودن d یا ed به آخر شکل ساده فعل ساخته می شود.

تذکر: از آنجا که در ساختار زمان حال کامل (ماضی نقلی) از فعل کمکی have/has استفاده شده است؛ لذا برای منفی کردن این فعل، قید not بعد از have و has قرار می گیرد و برای سؤالی کردن جمله، جای فعلهای کمکی have و has با فاعل عوض می شود. فعلهای کمکی have و has با not به شکل haven't و hasn't مخفف می شوند. برای درک بهتر زمان حال کامل یا ماضی نقلی، به مثالهای زیر توجه نمایید:

They have moved to Chicago. آنها به شیکاگو نقل مکان کرده اند.

I haven't prepared my homework yet. من هنوز تکالیفم را آماده نکرده ام.

My dad has gone to Mecca. پدرم مکه رفته است.

Have you bought your tickets yet? هنوز بلیت هایت را نخریده ای؟

I have never had a car for myself. من هرگز یک خودرو برای خودم نداشته ام.

تمرین: شکل زمان حال کامل (ماضی نقلی) افعال داخل پرانتز را در جای خالی بنویسید.

- 1 I (speak) to him about it several times.
- 2 We (finish) all our homework.
- 3 He (visit) us many times.
- 4 She (return) my book at last.
- 5 I am afraid that I (lose) my car keys.
- 6 You (be) in Florida many times.
- 7 It (rain) a lot this year.
- 8 We (learn) many new words in this course.
- 9 I (tell) Ed what you said.
- 10 I (hear) that story before.
- 11 We (lend) money to them several times.
- 12 Mr. Katz (go) to South America to work.
- 13 They (make) that same mistake several times.
- 14 She (see) that movie three times.
- 15 Harvey (make) and (lose) several fortunes.



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یکی از تفاوت‌های کاربردی زمان حال کامل (ماضی نقلی) در برابر زمان گذشته ساده آن است که در زمان گذشته ساده، معمولاً یک قید زمان گذشته صریحاً یا تلویحاً آمده است؛ در حالی که در ماضی نقلی لازم نیست اشاره صریحی به زمان دقیق انجام عمل در گذشته داشته باشیم و همین که انجام عمل در گذشته ذکر شود، کافی است. به این مثالها توجه کنید:

He went to Boston yesterday.

He has gone to Boston several times.

I was here last night.

I have been here before.

تمرین: در جاهای خالی، به تناسب از زمان گذشته ساده (ماضی) و یا حال کامل (ماضی نقلی) استفاده نمایید.

- 1 I (go) to bed late last night; I (do) this many times lately.
- 2 Mr. Ashe (go) to Chicago last week.
- 3 I (read) that book several times.
- 4 I first (read) it while I was on my vacation last summer.
- 5 I (be) in Norfolk many times.
- 6 Mr. Dale (have) little experience in teaching that subject.
- 7 Billy (fall) as he was crossing the street.
- 8 I (see) Diane a few days ago.
- 9 When the bell rang, Wade (jump) from his seat and (run) from the room.
- 10 I (try) that restaurant again and again but I do not like the food there.
- 11 When I was young, I often (go) fishing with my father.
- 12 I (complete) writing my exercise at last.
- 13 You (start) to study English last winter.
- 14 The day before yesterday, we (have) a bad storm.
- 15 I hear that you (give) up the idea of studying Russian.
- 16 I never (be) to Italy.
- 17 It (be) very cold yesterday.
- 18 We (learn) many new words in this course.
- 19 The First World War (begin) in 1914 and (end) in 1918.
- 20 Rebecca says that she (lose) her purse.



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تذکر: یکی دیگر از تفاوت‌های زمان حال کامل (ماضی نقلی) با گذشته ساده (ماضی) این است که زمان گذشته ساده به عملی اشاره می‌کند که در زمان گذشته انجام شده و پایان یافته است؛ اما در زمان حال کامل، انجام عمل ممکن است تا زمان حال ادامه یافته باشد. به مثال‌های زیر توجه کنید:

He has worked here for two years. (He is still working here.)

He worked here after graduating from university. (He is not working here already.)

They have lived here since June. (They are still living here.)

They lived here in the beginning of their marriage. (They don't live here anymore.)

تمرین: در جاهای خالی به تناسب، زمان گذشته ساده و یا ماضی نقلی افعال داخل پرانتز را به کار ببرید.

- 1 I (move) to Pine Street in March; I (live) there for three months now.
- 2 We (live) in Washington from 1975 to 1980.
- 3 Before he came to the United States, Emil (work) as a carpenter.
- 4 Since coming here, however, he (work) as a clerk.
- 5 My former teacher was Miss Coe. I (study) with her for one year.
- 6 My present teacher is Mr. Ming. I (study) with him for six months.
- 7 Juanita Chavez speaks English well because she (speak) English all her life.
- 8 Earl (work) hard all his life. (He is dead.)
- 9 Eric (work) hard all his life. (He is alive.)
- 10 Ms. Pate (leave) New York last month and (work) in Pittsburgh since then.
- 11 Gail, who is now in the fourth grade, (study) English for two years.
- 12 I myself (study) English steadily since 1980.
- 13 Henry, who is now in the hospital, (be) there for several weeks.
- 14 When I saw her, Linda (feel) ill.
- 15 We (buy) this car two years ago and (drive) it 5,000 miles since then.
- 16 Up to the present time, I never (be) further west than St. Louis, Missouri.



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Adverbs used with the Present Perfect Tense

قیدهای زمان مانند **just** و **recently** و **lately** و **already** و **yet** معمولاً با زمان حال کامل (ماضی نقلی) به کار می روند.

قید **already** به معنی «تاکنون» (**so far**) می باشد و در جملات مثبت و سؤالی و معمولاً بعد از فعل اصلی استفاده می شود.

قید **yet** به معنی «هنوز» در جملات منفی و سؤالی به کار می رود و چنانچه در جمله مثبت نیز به کار رود، مفهوم جمله را منفی می کند. به مثالهای زیر توجه نمایید:

They have just arrived.

آنها تازه رسیده اند.

She has recently graduated from college.

او اخیراً از دانشگاه فارغ التحصیل شده است.

They have already left.

آنها هم اکنون (تا الان) ترک کرده اند.

Have invitees already arrived?

آیا مدعوین هم اکنون (تا حالا) رسیده اند؟

Sarah hasn't called yet.

سارا هنوز زنگ نزده است.

Have you eaten yet?

هنوز غذا نخورده ای؟!

تمرین: در جاهای خالی، قیدهای **yet** و **already** را به تناسب وارد نمایید.

- 1 Martha hasn't called us
- 2 They have mailed the check.
- 3 We have signed the contract.
- 4 Has Jim gotten his new car ?
- 5 Have the police found the thief? 6 Have you said your prayer ?
- 7 Is it time for us to leave? No, not
- 8 Sal has bought the tickets for the game.
- 9 We have been to Mexico three times.
- 10 But you haven't visited Taxco
- 11 Has the class begun? No, not
- 12 They haven't even started to look for him
- 13 The plane has left the airport.



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تمرین: به سؤالات زیر یکبار پاسخ منفی با *yet* و بار دیگر پاسخ مثبت با *already* بدهید.

1 Has your dad left yet?

N No, he hasn't left yet.

P Yes, he has *already* left.

3 Have you paid that bill yet?

N

P

5 Has George found a job yet?

N

P

7 Have you finished your homework yet?

N

P

8 Has Mr. Dole returned from lunch yet?

N

P

9 Have you bought the tickets for the game yet?

N

P

10 Have you ridden in Pam's new car yet?

N

P

Good Luck!